

THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY



Gazette,
JOURNAL.

Containing the freshest Advices,

Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, November 1, 1773.

From the New-York Journal of October 21.
To the Commissioners, appointed by the East-India
Company, for the Sale of Tea, in America. //

GENTLEMEN, p. 383

YOU have lately been addressed by a very able and judicious writer, (under the signature of Scævola) upon the disagreeable subject of your nomination, as Commissioners, for the sale of tea; charged with a duty, payable upon importation, for the express purpose of raising a revenue in America: Which tea, is intended to be shipped to this country, by the East India Company, under the sanction and auspices of the British government. // In that address, he has clearly pointed out, in the most striking and masterly manner, the fatal and pernicious consequences that will naturally result, from your acting in conformity to such appointment; that the execution of your office will have a worse tendency, and will operate more powerfully against the freedom of America, than that of the late odious, and detestable Stamp masters; as its mischievous effects will be more sensibly felt, and more extensive: And, that you will thereby, most certainly become the base and cruel instruments of enslaving your country, and introducing of tyranny and oppression. For, as he justly observes, if the East-India Company can, once establish a monopoly in this country, in the article of tea, they may do it with equal facility, in every other article of their trade; on which, government would not fail, to lay a duty for the same hateful and pernicious purpose. And, I dare aver, that the company's baneful example, would soon be followed, by all the great manufacturing houses in England: So that they could not fail to engross, in a little time, the whole trade of this great and extensive continent: By which means, the greatest part of the landed property in America, would, in time, be transferred to Great-Britain; and our posterity subjected to a state of vassalage, or at best, become the mere tenants at will, of a set of sanguinary, rapacious, and cruel Task Masters.

But, as Scævola (perhaps from a principle of tenderness to you) has forebore, to point out, in so strong a manner, as the nature and urgency of your case requires, the great and eminent danger to which you will inevitably expose yourselves, should you, by such a preposterous step, render yourselves obnoxious to the just resentment, of an injured, and oppressed people; and lest you might (from a principle of pride, or other sinister motive) disregard his timely and kind admonition; I have taken the liberty, to point out to you in a more explicit manner, the extremely hazardous nature of your situation; and to warn you of the impending danger, in order, that you may secure yourselves in time, from the gathering storm, before it bursts upon your devoted heads, & overwhelms you with a sudden, dreadful, and sure destruction.

You will, doubtless, have every assurance from your employers, and the Ministry, that you may make the dreadful experiment with the greatest safety to yourselves; and that you will not fail to be protected, and supported by government; as a means to allay your fears, and embolden you to proceed in the execution of your odious and detestable office: And it is possible, that such assurances, may induce some of you to spurn at the threatening danger; yet, you will be greatly wanting to yourselves, if you do not calmly and dispassionately consider the great risk, which you will manifestly run, by engaging in so disagreeable, so hazardous a business, and persisting to put the same in execution: And you will likewise, do well to consider, at the same time, how inadequate the pecuniary emoluments, which may arise thereon, will be, when compared with the loss of your countrymen's affections; and the many difficulties, and dangers, with which it will most assuredly, most certainly be attended.

For, though you should be guarded by Myriads of troops, and surrounded with the strongest and most impregnable fortifications, which the art, and ingenuity of man, can possibly invent; yet, will not all this, render you invulnerable; nor in the least secure you from the just resent-

ment, of your injured and incensed country. It will be impossible to shield, or screen yourselves, from the many darts that will incessantly be levelled against your persons. You cannot readily become your own cooks, butchers, butlers, nor bakers: You will therefore be liable, to be suddenly, and unexpectedly taken off, in the midst of your confidence and supposed security, by those whom you may chance to confide in, and employ. — Nay, those very guards, in which you may probably place your greatest trust and security, may, some time or other, become the sure and ready instruments of your destruction. For, the same thirst of gain, which has seduced you to betray your country, may influence them to pay you in your own coin, with accumulated interest. A thousand avenues to death, would be perpetually open to receive and swallow you; and ten thousand uplifted shafts, ready to strike the fatal stroke, whenever a favourable opportunity offered for the purpose. For it would be strange, and astonishing indeed! in a country like this, where every man has tasted, and fully enjoys the delectable sweets of liberty; if no Brutus, nor Cassius, could be found, who would spurn at danger, and think it a laudable and meritorious act, to stealth their daggers in the hearts of such base, such abandoned and infamous Parricides; who should be so lost to virtue, and humanity, as to presume, impudently to violate, and trample upon those sacred and invaluable rights, which our brave and virtuous Ancestors, freely waded through seas of blood to obtain; and which they religiously made a point of transmitting to us, perfect and inviolate.

But, should you (contrary to the hopes, and expectations of your American brethren) be so lost to patriotism, and a regard for the liberties of your country, as rashly to persist in the design of executing your hateful office; you will doubtless, be chargeable, and accountable, for all the confusion, and bloodshed, which it may occasion. For you may take it for granted, that the execrable measures will never take place, without a most violent struggle; — A struggle in which, let who will get the advantage, you, who have been pitched upon (by those political Engineers) as their last resource, their forlorn hope, for this desperate and fiery trial, will not fail to be marked out, for vengeance; and must sooner or later, fall unpitied, unlamented victims justly to expiate the black, the horrid crime, which your boundless, and insatiable avarice, had urged you to perpetrate (contrary to the dictates of reason, religion, and the powerful voice of nature) against offended Heaven, and your country.

On the contrary, should your success be equal to the most sanguine expectations of your employers, short, very short, will be your cause of triumph. For though you may now be so intoxicated as to be deluded, and blindly hurried away, by the alluring prospect of an annual, and permanent income, arising from your office; it is very evident that the insidious design of appointing Americans, to execute the infernal agency, is no more than a political manœuvre, by way of gilding the fatal pill, that so, it may be easier swallowed: And you may assure yourselves, that, not one of you would be permitted, long to enjoy the fruits of your infamous treason. For Treason, it will surely be (and of the deepest dye) against the constitution of your country. No, depend upon it, there are too many hungry Sycophants, and Court dependents, to be provided for, who would soon, very soon be appointed, to supplant you in your respective offices, when once you had broken the ice, and the detestable measures had taken place.

Let me therefore advise you, to reflect seriously, reflect in time, to what a deplorable and helpless situation, you will then be reduced, even should you escape with impunity; to what asylum would you fly? — Where would you hide your guilty heads? — Deserted by your most intimate friends, and acquaintances; your lives would become a most intolerable burden: You would be hated and despised, by those very wretches, to whose arbitrary and ambitious views, you had rendered yourselves subservient, and who had made use of you

as pliant tools, to effect their atrociously wicked, and diabolical purposes: And you would be goaded, incessantly goaded, by the poignant, and mortifying reflection, that you had basely violated, and wantonly trampled upon the rights and liberties, of your unhappy, and bleeding country, without being permitted to enjoy the wages of your iniquity. Add to all this, that your hated, and detested names, would justly be execrated by millions, yet unborn, and handed down to posterity with infamy and disgrace.

By the officiousness of your friends, in England, you are now placed, upon a most dreadful and dangerous precipice; every step of which, is strongly marked with characters of Blood; and will lead you on to infallible, to certain perdition. If you advance, perhaps but one step, in this dark, this dismal road, you may be irrecoverably lost. Do not hesitate, do not deliberate then, what course to pursue, till you have kindled a flame of resentment against you, which, nothing but your blood, may be able to extinguish. For be assured, there are Enthusiasts in the cause of liberty, as well as in religion, who will readily brave every danger, to secure their native country, from the iron rod of tyranny, and oppression. — Retreat then, let me conjure you to retreat in time from this truly alarming and perilous situation, while it is yet in your power to do it with safety, and honour; and do not wait till you are compelled to make a virtue of necessity. Ease the anxious and distressed minds of your American Brethren, by an immediate declaration, that you are positively determined, never to accept of the infamous and detestable appointment. // By such virtuous and disinterested conduct, you will endear yourselves to your countrymen: Your memory will be embalmed, and ever had in grateful remembrance: And your names will be enrolled in the lists of fame, and transmitted to the latest posterity, with veneration and esteem.

PHILELEUTHEROS.

PHILADELPHIA, October 13, 1773.

WE REAS the infamous EBENEZER RICHARDSON, convicted of PERJURY, and MURDER, has, at the instance of his special friend, Charles Paxton, been sent to this city as a prisoner to the honorable Commissioners at Boston, in consideration of his many signal Services, has by them been rewarded with a quarterly payment, out of the money levied on the Americans, by Act of Parliament, without their consent: And whereas the said RICHARDSON, residing in the spoils of his country, looks about the wharves of this city, seeking an opportunity to distress the Trade of Philadelphia, and enslave America: And, in order, more effectually to answer his vile purpose, has intimately connected himself with a certain T. —, a Tide-waiter here, who publicly declared "he would not only assist with the VILLAIN EBENEZER; but with the DEVIL himself, if ordered by the COMMISSIONERS." Now it is expected, that all Lovers of Liberty, in this Province, will make diligent search after the said RICHARDSON, and having found this Bird of Darkness, will produce him, tarred and feathered, at the Coffee-House, there to expiate his sins against his country, by a public recantation. X. TAR AND FEATHERS.

The above RICHARDSON appears to be a man of 40 years of age, is about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, pretty thick and broad across the shoulders, has a very ill countenance, and down look, (Cain's Phiz.) mostly wears a sloped hat, a piss-burnt cut wig, and a blue fur-dut coat, with metal buttons.

RAN away from his Master John Bacon, jun. of Needham, on the 2d of October, instant, an indentured servant, named Joseph Vieux, about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches, in poor habit. Whoever shall take up said servant and return him to his Master, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward. — All Masters of Vessels and others, are hereby cautioned against concealing or carrying off said servant, as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law. Needham, Oct. 26, 1773.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED, And to be SOLD by J. KNEELAND, in Milk Street. LOW'S ALMANACK, for 1774. Containing, besides the other Astronomical Calculations, &c. The speech of OLIVER CROMWELL, when he put an End to the long Parliament, with his Effigie engraven on the Front of the Title Page, — with many other curious, useful, and entertaining Particulars.

See p. 376, 379, 380. & p. 386. & see Sea Act p. 735 Vol. 1. & see List of their Names page 339 Vol. 1. & in Index under Stamp, Vol. 1. & see Index to Vol. 3. & this under Richardson & Crodi-Hayer

To Mr. HUTCHINSON.

SIR, *vid page 379*

See Merchan- to, Agree- ments in Index Vol. 2, & 3, under Merchan- ts.

you have not yet in words denied their authority, permit me in the terms of holy writ to admonish you, that it appears, *The God of this world* (avarice and ambition,) *has blinded your eyes and hardened your heart,* in

so judicial a manner, that your enmity to truth is uncovered as was the sin of Sodom, which was perpetrated in the face of the sun, and that without a blush. Whoever questions this, let him read your insidious persuasive, to the good people of this province, in Messrs. Fleet's paper of Monday last, to give every encouragement in their power for the furthering of one of the most pernicious schemes that ever was planned for their destruction. The declamations in the papers mentioned are, say you, in your very preface, 'intended to delude the people.' Delusion, Mr. Hutchinson, is commonly understood to mean 'a deceiving of one or more people to their detriment or disadvantage.' Now Sir, it behoves you to manifest in the first place, that the strongest dissuasions from the use of tea, granting them to have all the effect their authors intended, could injure the people in their health or substance. If this does not appear you stumble at the threshold, and the declaimers, whether 'ignorant of facts' or expert as your excellency, in enumerating facts and making calculations, will at worst have only amused the people. That the use of Tea has contributed much to the health and firmness of the people of this country since its introduction you will hardly pretend. It is well remembered that Dr. Davis, about thirty five years ago, speaking of a person who was *consumptive* (a rare thing at that time) said, if people go on in the use of this tea, now growing so common, there will soon be twenty consumptions to one that is now. Whether the Doctor was mistaken or not will be readily determined by hundreds yet living in this town. That the buying of tea will be a saving in our diet, is another problem I have never yet seen solved in your favor. Who then, besides a crew to whom the voice of thousands would have devolved the gallows even from a housebreaker, can be distressed by the defeat of Lord North's politic scheme? Are you not conscious Mr. Hutchinson, that this was the very *last shift* in the power of that *Sejanns* to retain the imposition upon it? Did not the imposition ruin the sale of it, and by that means nearly ruin the company, when his Lordship strove to quiet them by this dirty, this devilish contrivance? Defeating this measure must defeat the hopes of every villain concerned in the conspiracy, to have the property of Americans liable to the disposal of a band of scoundrels as void of, even the appearance of truth or honor, as the lowest prostitute in the hundreds of Drury is of modesty or discretion.

But to follow you a little onwards. 'The objections, say you, that are made, are, that it is a monopoly,—that the sale of the tea will be confined solely to the factors the East-India company shall be pleased to appoint—that those factors will have it in their power to enhance the price at pleasure—that it will drain the country of its running cash, and that it affects taxation? And to all this you soberly answer, *the case is quite different?* That is to say exclusive importation from India, and a licence totally to supply the market by factors here is *no monopoly*! Surely the factors must have the sole management of the sale of the tea, or to what end are they appointed factors? But that monopolists cannot enhance prices at pleasure, is a doctrine so new, I shall wait for some particular elucidation of it, before I engage in a serious *opugnation* to it. That a flood of any species of merchandize poured into a capital, from beyond seas, and greedily purchased, would not drain said capital of its running cash, would require more just and accurate calculations to demonstrate, than we have yet found in your labors. That it does *affect taxation*, your soul feels with an anxiety conceivable by hardly any one but yourself. It was this effect, Mr. Hutchinson, that forced you again to expand your plausible sophisms before the good people of this province, that they might at least be drawn into a hesitation of what was to be done with this goodly Babylonish garment: But the way is plain, and all the rubbish you have labored to encumber it with is so insignificant that the child out of leading strings will pass over it with little trouble or danger. If any, however, appear to doubt in the least whether your reasonings, or fallacious calculations deserve a particular refutation, they will be immediately considered in my next, and demonstrated to be *delusory*, self-contradictory and rotten enough.

Does not every one know, Mr. Hutchinson, that in case a generous stand is made against this dirty trick, the East must and will be repealed, & the company to imbibed against the minister

that he will be forced to resign a charge he has held, with (perhaps) equal principles, capacity and applause, as you have done the viceroyalty of this province? A melancholly affair this would be to you, a shocking disappointment indeed! For a gentleman petitioning to retire, with a provision, in some measure adequate to his unparalleled services; and the funds to be annihilated at the very juncture he hoped to be quartered upon it! A quiet reception of the tea would have saved all this; and yourself and posterity might eat the bread of idleness to the latest generation, in consideration of your principal efficacy in establishing an American revenue for the support of the brothers of favorite mistresses, the posterity of captains reduced for cowardice, and children incapable of any considerable employment in church or state. Your large quantities of tea which have been imported here and paid the duty, have been indeed more considerable than any honest man could have wished, but it seems a stagnation is felt at the India-house notwithstanding. Very few will question your disposition to have it still larger, as in a few lines after we find the revenue arising from it estimated as a *small branch*, not worth making any clamour about. A penny well established as a precedent, would be worthy of the expenditure of millions sterling, to an administration, grasping for the purse-strings of a whole empire. But some way or other Mr. Hutchinson, the good people of this province have become settled in opinion, that they can take as much satisfaction in spending their own money, as in seeing your Excellency, C. Paxton, B. Halliwell, J. Porter, Ebenezer Richardson, and half a thousand more such sublime personages, spending it for them. This prejudice you have much labored to combat indirectly, but in vain. You have neither cunning enough to lead, nor strength to drive them; therefore at length be advised to quit *dabbling* in news papers. Your speech bewrayeth you, and denials but serve to draw your veracity into question.

I agree with you that it would be perfectly absurd and ridiculous for the leaders of opposition to clamor against the tea act only, and leave the other revenue act or acts unheeded; but I never understood that to be the case among the bulk of them. Some very prudent gentlemen say, 'let us do one thing first'; others say we always petition and remonstrate; and in our speculations declare generally, against the American revenue, or rather military contribution. However sir, of this you may rest assured, that the opposition will hardly subside while a single farthing is by any means extorted from us without our consent.

I differ considerably with you in the manner the East-India Company ought to be treated in order to render their influence serviceable to us. We have never given them reasonable cause of offence. We clamor against the tea not as an article of their trade but as a commodity the British ministry have infected with a plague. That ministry and their infamous tools in parliament have not handled them so tenderly that they will be sorry to see the whole cabal of them over set: The present ferment bids fair for it. Don't you begin to tremble Mr. Hutchinson! I never read of more than one Sylla who was suffered to retire and live in peace, after having injured his country as much as you have done. PRÆDICUS.

† J. Porter. * C. Paxton. § The two Children.

Messrs. EDES & GILL,

Please to insert the following Answers to the Queries in Mr. Draper's last Gazette and you'll oblige a constant reader.

Q UERE it. Is not the tea trade in the southern provinces different from ours?

Answer. Yes. When the duty was laid on this article with the express purpose of raising a revenue without our consent, it was with the greatest reason, complained of and resented by every sensible and honest American, as an attempt to make us tributary slaves to Great-Britain. Hence a resolution was entered into, not to make use of the *dutied* article. But so it was, and we are sorry for it, that many of the people had been so accustomed to drink the juice of this noxious herb, that they found it difficult to refrain from it. Behold here the force of evil habits; for the gratification of which, men will often make shipwreck of their virtue, and run head-long to their own and their country's destruction! Fortunate however it was for us, that there was a company of united merchants trading to the East Indies from whence this Tea is brought, in Holland as well as in England. When I say it was fortunate for us, I mean that it was so, considering circumstances; for I am persuaded, that the present generation would have been much more rich, and virtuous, and healthy, and consequently much more happy, if this baneful article of luxury, had never inroaded upon our industry and intermixed with

our blood. If I am not mistaken in this opinion, it affords matter of serious consideration, and is of equal concern to Whigs and Tories. Our Southern brethren, whose trade has not been so infected with *pirates* as ours, wisely took the advantage and imported their Teas from Holland only, while small quantities have been imported by some of our merchants from England. I would speak softly, for I mean not to irritate; it is much to be lamented that any of them ever submitted to pay the accursed tribute, and thus to stamp upon themselves at least, the mark of slavery. And I would earnestly intreat them to reflect how far they have voluntarily contributed towards riveting the chains of their country and posterity. There is one consolation left, that it is not too late for them to reform—But not to digress too far, I think I have answered the first query, and shown that in one respect the Tea trade in the Southern provinces has been different from ours.

Q UERE, 2. Have not they (the Southern provinces) heretofore supply'd this province with large quantities of Tea, at an advanced price?

Answer. Yes. Very large quantities. It is said by judicious persons well acquainted with the trade, that at least *nine tenths* of the tea that has been consumed in this province since the non-importation agreement took place, has been imported from Holland, by the way of the southern provinces! The querist perhaps did not expect to candid an answer; but it is always best to be open and explicit. No good cause is served by disguising the truth. It shows at least that the agreement has been observed & kept, and that the people have been virtuous, beyond the expectation of their enemies, and possibly even their friends. It has been a mistake to suppose that every person who has purchased tea and used it, has broken his solemn contract in its true spirit and design. This however cannot be allowed in favor of the few who have imported it and paid the duty. I hope our southern brethren will continue to supply us with large quantities; that if the people must drink tea they may not politically at least drink damnation to themselves. And we are willing that it should be imported at an advanced price, that our brethren may reap a living profit by it, as in all reason they should. I suspect my querist had some design to mislead his unwary readers to believe, that tea has been much dearer by reason of its being imported in the manner aforesaid from the southern provinces; whereas every one knows that it has been purchas'd at a much lower rate than it was at formerly, when we made use of what is called English Tea. And it will be so again, when fresh supplies shall come in, which we hope to hear of very soon.—The reasons therefore why we chuse to be thus supply'd by the Southern provinces are, first, because we have had it and shall have it cheaper; secondly, because it demands no tribute; and thirdly, because it is for the interest of our brethren in those provinces as well as our own at present, for them to supply us wholly, which is an answer to the third query; and this also contains a full answer to the fourth and last query, viz. Will it be wisdom in us to give them this advantage?

It may probably be thought by some impolitic, thus to open the scene. But there is a time to speak and a time to be silent. It has been no secret to the British Administration; and therefore no possible harm can accrue from publicly mentioning it. Nothing is so likely to prevent matters being conducted in this good way, as the sale of the East-India Tea, which is certainly expected, and that very soon. If that is suffer'd to be landed and sold, every port in America will swarm with armed Cutters, to prevent the admission of Dutch Tea. The article will then be monopolized in the hands of the Consignees; and you must either purchase the company's Tea, most probably the refuse stuff which has lain years in their warehouses, not only at their own price, but charg'd with the odious tribute; or, which will be best of all, you must resolve no more to have any thing to do with the *Triple*, at least till you can indulge yourselves in the use of it, consistently with the character of honest Citizens.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the Subscriber on the Evening of the 16th Oct. a Negro-Man named BRISTOL, is about 30 Years of Age, five Feet six Inches high, well set, of a light Complexion, and speaks good English; carried off with him one short Coat, of a mix'd colour, and a Number of other Clothing, is by Trade a Barber, Shaves well and can Dress Hair.—Whoever will take up said Negro and return him to me shall have the above mentioned Reward. SAMUEL SWAN.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels and others, are Warned against harbouring or carrying off said Negro-Man, as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law. Just arrived from New-Province, LEMMONS, LIMES, and ORANGES, TURTELL, &c. To be sold on board the Brig Sukey, lying at Gray's Wharf.

✓ East India Company's exporting Tea to the Colonies, *vid page 376, 379, 380, 389, 386* & *see Sea Act, pa. 795, vol. 1. & see page 261 & 274 of Elisha Hutchinson.* (1) *see advertisement, pa. 386*
 ✓ Molasses Act, *vid pa. 9, vol. 2. & see petitions & Remonstrances, in Index, vol. 2, 3, & this, under 7th or 8th.*

PHILADELPHIA, October 20.

The deception given in our last paper of the phiz of the villain EGENEZER RICHARDSON, being very accurate, he was last Monday discovered skulking at the North-end of this city; and being closely pursued by many well-wishers to peace and good order, very narrowly escaped (by means of a wood) the TAR AND FEATHERS, which had several days before been prepared for HIM.—As the city of Philadelphia is now, and forever must be too hot, to hold this Parricide, he will, in all probability, try his fortune in New-York; and, in contrary to expectation, he should there meet his reward, but should experience another hair-breadth escape, he may probably, as a dernier Resorte, fly to the arms of his dear, dear P.-N.-n, the sure and safest asylum for complicated Villainy, on this side the Atlantic Sea.

NEW-YORK, October 22.
By letter from London, and from good authority, we are offered that the East India Company have determined upon sending three vessels with tea, one of them for Boston, and another for Philadelphia, and the third for this port, and it is most confidently asserted, that no duty will be paid upon these teas in America.

The Philadelphia Papers of this Week, contain particular accounts of the Proceedings of the inhabitants of that city, in order to prevent the Importation of Tea Subject to a Duty laid by the British Parliament, payable in America. These accounts (which we have not room to insert) mention, that in consequence of Notice given, the inhabitants on Saturday last, assembled at the Sign-house, where they agreed upon several Resolutions, declaratory of their Rights, and to prevent the threatened Violation of them by the Importation of Tea. They deny the Parliament's Right to tax the Americans, and resolve that the Duty upon Tea, is such an illegal Tax, tending to render Affluence useless, and introduce arbitrary Power, and Slavery; that a determined Opposition to such Claims and Measures, is absolutely necessary, and a Duty every American Freeman owes to his Country and Posterity.—That whoever shall directly or indirectly countenance the Attempt, or aid in the unloading, receiving, or vending the said Tea, while it remains subject to a Duty laid in England, is an Enemy to his Country, and that a Committee be immediately chosen to wait upon the Gentlemen reported to be appointed Commissioners, and request them immediately to resign their appointment; and a Committee was accordingly chosen.

The Inhabitants of the City of New-York, at a Meeting held at the Coffee-House there, on the 15th Instant, agreed upon an Address of Thanks to the Captains of the London Ships belonging to that Port, and the Merchants to whom they were addressed, for their patriotic Conduct in refusing to take from the East India Company, on Freight, a Quantity of Tea, on which a Duty laid by the British Parliament was made payable in America on Importation.

BOSTON, November 1.
Monday last being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Accession to the Throne, when he enter'd the 14th Year of his Reign: The Guns at the Batteries &c. were fired at the usual Time on the Occasion. Thursday the 25th Instant, is appointed to be observed as a Public Thanksgiving throughout this Province.

The same Day is appointed as a Public Thanksgiving in the Colony of Connecticut.

By a Schooner in about a Week from Halifax, we learn that his Excellency Francis Leggiss, Esq; lately appointed Governor of the Province of Nova-Scotia, was arrived there in the Brig Adamant, Capt. Crowne.—We also hear that his Excellency Lord Wm. Campbell, the former Governor, with his Family was soon to embark for England, in the same Vessel.

It is positively asserted, said to be from good Authority, That Barracks would be built, or the Foundation for Barracks laid on Fort-Hill before July next.

By a Vessel just arrived from New-providence, we learn, that two Companies of the 14th Regt. had arrived there from St. Augustine, and that they all died in the Course of a Week except two.

MARRIED.] Dr. John Stedman, Physician, to Miss Polly Quincy, Daughter to Mr. Henry Quincy, of this Town, Merchant.—Mr. Nathaniel Davis, Printer, to Miss Ruth Thayer, of Braintree.

Last Friday Evening died at Milton, Mr. Alexander Boies, in the 36th Year of his Age. His Funeral is to be attended To-Morrow Afternoon, at Milton, where his Friends and Acquaintance are desired to attend.

Died. Mr. Samuel Ridgway, Chair-Maker, aged 73.

At Hopkinton, Dr. Simpson Jones, aged 57.
At Rhode-Island. Mrs. ANN MUMFORD, consort of Mr. BENJAMIN MUMFORD, of that town, in the 72d year of her age, a lady of very worthy character.

TO BE LET

A large Shop suitable for a Shop-Keeper, well situated for Business near Faneuil-Hall Market. Enquire of the Printers.

Mr. PROPERT acquaints the Gentlemen Subscribers to the Concert, that it will be Open'd at Concert Hall, on Wednesday the 10th Instant, and continued on that Day once a Fortnight.

Stolen from a Wharf at Charlestown, last Night, a Moses Boat, almost new, about 13 Foot. Whoever will give Information who the Person is that took said Boat, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward. Any Person finding said Boat shall be paid for their Trouble in taking her up, by informing the Printers hereof.
October 30.

Jonathan Williams, Junr.

HAS imported in the Dolphin, Capt. SCOTT from LONDON, a Number of the most fashionable BROAD-CLOTHS.

Which makes his Assortment more complete than it ever yet has been, his Superfines are the very best that are made in England, and all the others will be found on examination to be very cheap according to their Qualities, of which he only requests the impartial Judgment of the Purchaser.—every kind of Trimmings exactly matched and an elegant Assortment of Gold and Silver span-gle and Death-head Buttons.—He has also some very neat printed Velvets for Gentlemen's Waistcoats which are very beautiful as well as cheap and durable.—He still keeps up his Assortment of

ENGLISH GOODS, in general, At his Shop opposite the Drum-Makers; and as he Trades for ready Money only, will endeavour by selling low, to induce his Customers to part with that precious Article.

Several Articles at the Sterling Cost.

Jeremiah Allen,

Informs his Friends and the Publick, That he has received per the Dolphin, Capt. Scott, from London, A new Supply of Goods in the Hard-Ware Branch, which he doubts not, will give the Purchasers as general Satisfaction, as those he brought with him, both in point of Goodness and Price.

—Among which are the following Articles, viz.—
London pewter dishes, plates & basons, cans, tankards, tea pots and bottle cranes, wine measures, table and tea spoons, bed, close stool pans, brass kettles & skillets, frying and warming pans, desk and book case furniture, brass knockers, castors, bed caps, clock pins, knots, screw rings, bell bolts, scales and weights, brass & iron candlesticks, also a few pieces metal in the newest taste, steel spring & japan snuff-liners, shaver and tongs, bellows, kitchen jacks, andirons, box and flat irons, box iron grates, bed screws, carriers knives, cox's make silver ivory and bone handle knives and forks, pen-knives, razors, scissors, cut-throats, taylor's shears, snuff boxes, horn & ivory combs, coat and breast buttons, shoe and knee buckles, smogel & Dutch spectacles, locks & hinges of all sorts, carpenters & joiner stools, awl blades, shoe tax-pippers and pincers, English and French flints, powder, shot, barr and sheet lead, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 10 by 8 London crown window glass, worked, wool comb, clothiers shears, anvils, pipes, beaver, castor and felt hats, black & white winfor caps, bamboo, logwood, solid joint & hazel angling rod, hair & silk lines, best kirby and common hooks on gimp and hair, snap hooks, landing nets, fine goose floats corks, fly line, gimp, brass winches, spare-tops for rods, English and German Reel, London T. D. 15 inch pipes, a large assortment of looking glasses, the most elegant perhaps ever offered for sale in America, also, a few pair in the palmyra taste with jernadoles. Nails, brads, tacks, &c. and almost every article in the hard ware way.

Insurance on Vessels and Goods.

AT the Insurance Office of EZEKIEL PRICE near the Exchange,

INSURANCE,

May be made on Vessels, Cargoes, and private Adventures, at VERY LOW PREMIUMS, full one quarter Port less than formerly.

Note well.—In Case of Loss the Insurance will be PUNCTUALLY PAID.

All Persons that are indebted to the Estate of Mrs. LYDIA LEWIS, late of Boston, Widow, deceased, are requested to make speedy payment, and those to whom said Estate is indebted, are desired to bring in their Accounts, in Order for Settlement, to ARCHIBALD CUNNINGHAM, Administrator.

To be Sold at private Sale,

The Mansion House of the Deceased, in Middle-Street, consisting of three Rooms on the Floor, and three Story high, with a good Pump, Out-House, Shop and paved Yard. For Particulars, inquire of Archibald Cunningham, Administrator to said Estate.

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, on TUESDAY the 23d of November, at the House of the late Widow Lewis, deceased, in Middle-Street.

SUNDRY Household Furniture, consisting of Chest of Drawers, Tables, Looking-Glasses, Chairs, Beds and Bedsteads, green Harraten Curtains, Books and sundry Pieces of Plate, &c. &c.

The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock Forenoon.

Stolen from on Board Sloop Delight,

James Prince, Master, laying at Ballard's Wharf, a light blue Coat with Silver Basket Buttons and white Lining, blue Coat with no Lining, Pair brown ribb'd Breaches, a Waistcoat betwixt a light blue and a green, with Gold-twisted Buttons, 3 at each Pocket, a Pair of Silver Knee Buckles, a Silver Watch with Silver Chain large Links, and the Owner's Name on the back of the inside Case, James Prince, Liverpool, 1769, and a Cypher J. P. on the Back of the Outside Case, with a Griffin's Head for Crest, an Ash-Rin Memorandum Book, Pair Gloves, a Handkerchief Ramped with Comedian in different Characters, 6 French Crowns, and 2 Danish Pistareens in the Breaches Pocket. TEN DOLLARS Reward to any Person that will apprehend the Thief or Thieves, so as he or they may be convicted. If any of the above Articles should be offered for Sale, the Subscriber hopes they will be stopped.

Boston, Oct. 18, 1773.

JAMES PRINCE.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, By Benjamin Church ON THURSDAY NEXT,

At 3 o'Clock Afternoon,

A valuable Assortment of European Articles, viz. Broad Cloths, fine, middling and coarse ditto—Forrest Cloths—Serges—Rattenees—Velvets—Shalloons—Tammies—Irish Linens, Cotton & Linen Check—Callamancoes—Handkerchiefs—Some Heavy Furniture, as Beds, Tables, &c. Wearing Apparatus—A Suit of black Padufoy, &c. &c. &c.

New AUCTION-ROOM, Cornhill.

TO-MORROW at TEN in the MORNING,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC-VENDUE,

At Greenleaf's Auction-Room,

A large Assortment of GOODS, consisting of a Variety of Woollens, Linnens, Cottons, Lawns, &c. &c.

Wm. GREENLEAF, Auctioneer.

The Sale to begin at TEN o'Clock precisely.

At Gould's Auction-Office

In Back-Street,

T O - M O R R O W,

At TEN o'Clock will be Sold by Public Vendue a Variety of House Furniture, —among which are—

ONE Mahogany D'sk, one Japanned, and one Walnut ditto, one Mahogany Dressing Table, containing a Looking-Glass, and every other Convenience, Mahogany Bureau, Dining and Tea Tables, Chests of Drawers, Looking-Glasses, Leather Bottom'd and other Chairs, one Easy-Chair, four Gilt China Tugans, one suit of Red Harraten Curtains, Feather Beds, Bedding and Bedsteads, Kitchen Furniture, Glass and Stone Ware, &c. &c.

R. GOULD, Auctioneer.

At Gould's Auction-Office,

In Back-Street,

On THURSDAY NEXT,

Will be Sold by Public Vendue,

A Variety of English Goods as usual.

R. GOULD, Auctioneer.

On FRIDAY NEXT,

At TWELVE o'Clock,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Bunch of Grapes in King-Street,

Five Chaise Horses, and one Riding

Chair (if not sold before at private Sale.)

R. Gould, Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY the 4th Instant,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE.

At the Auction-Room South-Side the Town-House,

House-Furniture, Consisting of Parlour,

Chamber and Kitchen Furniture, such as Looking-

Glasses, Tables, Chairs, suit of Curtains, Feather Beds,

Bedsteads, Chest of Drawers, a Variety of Kitchen Furni-

ture, such as Pewter, Brass, Copper, Iron, and Tin

Ware, two general 8-Day Clocks, Mahogany and Black-

Walnut Cases, one pull-up ditto, a Number of Iron-

Weights, Half Hundredts, Quarters, Half Quarters, &c.

a very neat, handsome Full-suit of green Tabby, a

small Quantity of Plate, viz. Porringers, Pepper Cas-

tors, Mustard Potts, Salts, Spoons, &c. &c.—To be

seen before the Sale.

N. B. A small Box of Choice Rhubarb, if not Sold

before at private Sale. ANDREW OLIVER, Auctioneer.

At said Auction-Room constant Attendance is given,

to receive all kinds of Goods for public or private Sale.

To-Morrow at Twelve o'Clock,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

One Third of the Sloop DESIRE,

Burthen'd about 80 Tons, with her Appurtenance and

Stores, as she now lies at the South-side of the Long-

Wharf, opposite to Mess. Doggett and Jepson's Store.

ANDREW OLIVER, Auctioneer

All Persons indebted to the Estate

of Stephen Harris, late of Boston, Baker, deceased, are

desired to pay their respective Balances, or they may

depend on being sued to January Court.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON.

ENTERED IN.

Hinckley and Garham, Philadelphia. Parrish, New-

Haven. Delano, Island St. John's. Burger, Virginia.

Harper, Maryland. Gerald, Quebec. Messurier, Cape-

Nicola. Hadden & Saunders, St. Lucia. Scott, London.

CLEARED OUT.

Carey, Maryland. Hoston, Island St. John's. Cal-

ender, Virginia. Boyd, Harris and Fitch, New-London.

Adams, Georgia. Ayres, West-Indies. Adams, Sara-

nam. Ruggles, Hull. Symms, Callahan & Folger, London.

OUTWARD BOUND.

Dean, Suranum. Barnard, New-York. Sparrell

and Hinckley, Philadelphia. Snow, Virginia. Cook,

West Indies.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, since our last.

Five Whites. One Black.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, One.

High Water at BOSTON, for the present Week.

Monday, 58 min. aft. 12 } Friday, 18 min. after 4

Tuesday, 48 min. aft. 1 } Saturday, 8 min. aft. 5

Wednesday, 58 min. aft. 1 } Lord's-Day, 50 min. aft. 5

Thursday, 28 min. aft. 3 } Day's last 7 o'Clock.

see pa, 386. Charles Paxton. To find an account of him, Turn to Index, Vol. 3, 8
this under Richardson. See duty act pa, 735, Vol. 1. & vid page 376, 379. 380. 383. 386. 387.
See address to them, pa, 383. See declaratory act pa, 792, Vol. 1. (a) vid pa, 391. (b) pa, 393.

Henry Lloyd,

At Warehouse No. 5 on Long-Wharf,
HAS FOR SALE

A few Pipes old Sterling Madeira Wine,
with a Parcel of choice d. of the last Vintage genuine old
Sherry Wine, Sperma-eti Candles, warranted pure &
New Sterling, Mount Hope, Orange Furnace and Libertia
Pig Iron, Refined Iron, Anchors, Indigo, Pepper, &c. &c.
Livingston's Manor, in the County of Albany, New-
York Government, October 6th, 1773.

Suttonian Inoculation for the Small-Pox

Mr. Latham Surgeon to the King's
(or 8th) Regiment of Foot, continues to practice In-
oculation as usual in Livingston's Manor: He has several
Houses engaged for the Reception and Accommoda-
tion of Strangers in Claverack, and in the Kninekill,
in Kenderhook; where every thing necessary will be
attended to. The following Gentlemen of the Facul-
ty are connected with Mr. Latham and Latham, in
order to relieve such Persons as should have the Misfor-
tune to catch the Natural Small-Pox, and to assist others
who justly prefer the Advantages of the above easy and
Successful Method of Inoculation, viz.

Mr. OUTWATER, Orange-Town,	} New-York
Mr. STRINGER, Albany,	
Mr. CONSTABLE, Schenectady,	
Mr. QUILLHOT, Kinderhook,	
Mr. THOMPSON, Red-Hook,	
Mr. WHEELER, Salisbury, Connecticut	} Government.
Mr. PAINE, Worcester, Massachusetts Government.	
and Mr. BAUMONT, Surgeon to his Majesty's 26th Regiment of Foot for Canada.	

N. B. Any Practitioner of Character in his Profession,
who is desirous of being connected with [Messrs] Sut-
ton & Latham in this Branch of Physick, as a Principal,
for any particular County, is requested to apply to Mr.
Latham, at the House in Colonel Livingston's Manor.—
His House is a Mile South from the Manor House.

TO BE SOLD BY

Archibald Cunningham,
At his Store in Fore Street, a little Northward of the
Draw Bridge, Boston.

Choice Lisbon, Corcovilla and Claret
Wine by the Quarter Cask. Madeira Wine in half Pipes,
Lisbon Oil per Cask. Raisins per Cask, Turkey Figs per
Cask, fresh Currants p. Ct. or dozen, Almonds, the best
of split Pease per Cask or Bushell, green Capers per
Cask, per pound or in Bottles, spices of all kinds by the
pound or larger quantity, the best of Hyson, Souchong
and Bhea Tea, all warranted good, Coffee, Ginger,
Allspice, Starck, Crown Soap, Indigo, Black, Cloth
coloured and White Silk Handkerchiefs per dozen, very
fine black Silk by the pound, Mustard in Bottles per
dozen, China Cups and Saucers, a good assortment of
Glass, Delph and Cream coloured ware, Corks by the
quantity or single Groce, Alum, Redwood, Copperas,
walle paper, Loaf & Brown Sugar, Dutch hearthbrushes.

N. B. A quantity of best Bay date Mackrell per the
Barrell, a few choice pick'd ones to be Sold if applied
for directly.

Cyrus Baldwin

HEREBY informs his Customers and others, That
he has to sell cheap for Cash at his Shop in Corn-
hill, near the Town-House in Boston:

Choice Souchong and Hyson Tea,
Pickin Butter,
Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace & Nutmegs,
Best Kippen's Snuff and Indigo,
Silk Muffs and Tippets—Farr ditto
Superfine Scarlet Drab Cloth for Men's Cloaks, with
Scarlet Cloths of all Prices,
Superfine, middling and low Price'd Broad Cloths,
Kerseys, Ratteens, Beardskins, Lambskins and Beaver
Coatings, with Trimmings to match them,
Bays and Flannels,

A fine Assortment of Shalloons, Tammies and Durants,
A large Assortment of Worsted Hosiery,
Silk, Thread and Cotton ditto,
Silk and Worsted, Silk and Cotton mixt ditto,
Furniture and other Callicoes, Carpets and Carpeting,
Scotch Plaids, English Shoes, Clogs and Galloshies,
Children's Morocco Shoes, Lynn Shoes and Galloshies,
with a general Assortment of Goods suitable for all Sea-
sons.—All cheap for Cash.

IRISH LINNENS.

Just arriv'd in Capt. Smith from Liverpool.
A Variety of 3-4, 7-8 & yd-wide Irish
Linnens, of all Prices.—These Linnens are remarkably
low charg'd, and are to be sold at the lowest Prices for
Cash only, at the Store lately improv'd by Mr. William
Reatty, deceased. tbcif.

WANTED, an industrious, sober Woman, that
understands Co-king, and can do the Business
for a small Family. Inquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD BY

FRANCIS ROTCH.

At his store in King-Street,
Warranted Spermaceti CANDLES,
Choice Lisbon WINE, Naval Stores, Earthen Ware, Do-
chester Beer in Casks, and White Lead.

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On WEDNESDAY the 3d Day of November next,
A Dwelling-House, with a good Cellar,
Shop, lower Room, Kitchen, Chamber, with a Yard
and Garden, and the Privilege of a good Well of Wa-
ter in Middle-Street, near Dr. Isaac Rand's.

Also, on the 10th of said Month, if
not sold before at private Sale, a good Dwelling-house
in Fish-Street, with the Wharf and Stores thereon,
and Privilege of a good Well of Water, adjoining to
M. J. Ho, Hooton, Oak-Make's Shop, fronting on said
Street, their measuring about 26 Feet, Northwesterly on
the late Capt. Joseph Domett, their measuring about 32
Feet, Southwesterly on the Sea, their measuring about
28 Feet, Southwesterly on said Hooton, there measur-
ing about 316 Feet, with the Flatts thereto belonging.
—The Sale to begin between 12 and 1 o'Clock.

ANDREW OLIVER, Auctioneer.

Courtney & Son,

TAYLORS, from LONDON,

Have removed to a House exactly
opposite the South Door of the State House: Where
they carry on the different Branches of the Taylor and
Habit making Business in the most elegant Manner.—
The Encouragement they have had for Six Years past,
in the Town and Province, is a flattering Proof of the
Publick's Approbation of their Integrity and Abilities,
and renders pompous Advertisement unnecessary.—They
sincerely thank their Friends and Customers for past Fa-
vours, and shall continue to deserve their recommenda-
tion.

THOMAS COURTNEY & SON.

Silent Wilde

Hereby informs his former Customers and Others,

That he hath again engaged to ride
from Boston to Northampton, Deerfield, &c. for the Term
of one Year beginning from the third Week in November
next, and to carry to each one that shall employ him, one of
the Boston Weekly News Papers, &c. as usual during said
Time, at Two Dollars each:—To ride once a Fortnight
the one half of the Year, and the other Half every Week.
One Dollar to be paid him at the End of six Months, the
other at the Year's End.—He desires all those that incline
to take the News-Papers of him that they would leave
their Names at the Taverns in the respective Towns, where
they reside, and they may depend upon being punctually ser-
ved therewith.—On Suitable Encouragement he pro-
poses to ride thro' Westminister, Templeton, &c.

All Persons having Demands on

the Estate of Thomas Green, late of Leicester, in the
County of Worcester, Physician, deceased, are desired to
 lodge their Accounts with the Subscribers; and those
who are indebted to said Estate are requested to make
immediate Payment.

SAMUEL GREEN, } Administrators.
DANIEL HOVEY, }

N. B. Those who are possessed of Books belonging
to the Deceased, are desired to return them to the Ad-
ministrators. Leicester, October 20, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

A Schooner about 35 Tons, a
good Sailer; has always been employ'd in the Fishery,
is now about 8 Years old. The Owner having no fur-
ther Occasion for her in the Fishing Business is the
Reason of her being sold—lays at Mr. John Haskin's
Still-House—who will inform Particulars.

N. B. 32 Barrels of Mackrell to be sold on board
said Schooner.

TO BE SOLD,

A Sloop about 90 Tons, a good
Sailer, and well found. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Those that may incline to purchase said Sloop,
must apply within a Week, or the will be taken up in
another Way.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A large genteel Dwelling HOUSE,
with a large light Shop, Barn, out House, good Yard,
Pump and Rain Water Cistern, exceeding well situated
for Trade, in Newbury Street, Boston. Inquire of
JOHN SKINNER, at his House adjoining said House,
where he continues to make and Sell all sorts of Pewter
as usual, cheap for Cash or old Pewter.

John Maud, Taylor,

EGS Leave to acquaint the Gentlemen who are his
Customers, and others, That he carries on his Bu-
siness as usual at his House the North Side of the Town
House, in King-Street—Where all the various Branches
of the Taylor's Business is executed in the neatest Man-
ner, with Fidelity and Dispatch. And as he has now
by him some of the newest Patterns, he flatters himself
that no one can finish or cut Cloaths with greater Ele-
gance and Taste. With Gentlemen who do not chuse
to have their Cloaths Cut or finished according to the
height of the Fashion, he will endeavour to oblige a
Medium, and will be particularly careful to follow any
Directions given him. Regimental Cloathing, and Na-
vy Uniform, he is well used to, having been employed
these many Years by the Gentlemen of the Army and
Navy. Any Cloaths which may happen not to fit, he
will take back according to his former Advertisement.
Gentlemen will be waited on immediately by sending
Notice to the above Place.

Charles Geddes,

Clock and Watch Maker, and Finisher, from LONDON,
At his Shop below the Sign of Admirals Vessels,
In King-Street, BOSTON,

Makes, mends, cleans, repairs, and
finishes all Sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best
neatest, and upon the most reasonable Terms.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,

to the highest Bidder, on Wednesday the 3d Day of
November next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, (if
not Sold before at private Sale) by me the Subscriber.

A valuable FARM in Groton,

in the County of Middlesex, pleasantly situated on the great
Country Road, leading from Groton Point and No. 4. to
Boston: Said Farm contains 272 Acres of Upland and
Meadow, with the bigger Part under Improvement, with
a large Dwelling House and Barn, and Out Houses, to-
gether with a good Grind Mill and Saw Mill, the latter new
last Year, both in good Repair, and on a good Stream, and
within a few Rods of the House. Said Farm would
make two good Livings and would sell in two Divisions
or together, as it would best suit the Purchaser. Said
House is situated very conveniently for a Tavern, and
has been improved as such for Ten Years past, with a
Number of other Conveniences, too many to enumerate.
And the Purchaser may depend upon having a good war-
ranted Deed of the same, and the bigger Part of the Buy-
ers money very safe on good Security. The whole of the
Farming Tools, and Part of the Stock, will be sold as a-
bundantly, at the Subscribers House on said Farm,
Groton, Aug. 30. 1773. GEORGE PIERCE.

GARDEN-SEEDS

Suitable for the West-Indies,
A General Assortment of Garden-Seed sowed this
Summer, and sold very cheap, by JOHN WHITE,
Gardner and Seed's-Man, in Seven-Star Lane, Boston.
Also, a Gallery by the Hundred or less.

N. B. Any Seed-Shops inclind, may furnish them-
selves very cheap, with a large Variety of Flower-Seed.
Lancaster August 13, 1773.

WHEREAS the Subscribers are ap-

pointed Commissioners by the Hon. John Chandler, Esq.
Judge of Probate of Wills, &c. for said County, to re-
ceive and examine the Claims of the General Creditors in
the Estate of John Homer, late of Winchendon, Ship-
keeper deceased:—This is therefore to give Notice that
we shall attend the Business thereof, on the 2d Tuesday
of September next, and the five following Months, from
the Hour of 3 to 6 in the Afternoon, at the House of
Hooker Osgood, Innholder in said Luncheon.

ASITAH WILLARD,
JOHN SPRAGUE.

TO BE LETT,

A Shop in a good Situation for Business.
For further Particulars inquire of Edes and Gill.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate
of Richard Sarcomb, late of Boston, Maker, deceased,
are desired to make speedy Payment to Mary Sarcomb,
Executrix of his last Will, or to Messrs Thomas Amory
and John Sales, who are empowered by her to adjust and
receive the respective Balances.

A Wet Nurse with a good young Breast
of Milk, about 6 Miles from Boston, would take a Child
to suckle. She can be extremely well recommended.
For further Particulars, Inquire of the Printer.

A young Woman, with a good young
Breast of Milk, would be glad to go into a Gentleman's
Family to suckle. She can be well recommended.
Inquire of Edes and Gill.

A Woman with a good young Breast
of Milk, would be glad to take a Child to suckle.
Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Amory's, Taylor & Rogers

ACQUAINTS their Customers that they have re-
ceived by the last Ships from London, a general As-
sortment of GOODS, which they sell at the
lowest Rates, by Wholesale or Retail, at their Store in
King-Street.

BLACK

INFORMS the Public, That he has removed from his
Store in Fore-Street, North-End, to the Store for-
merly Occupied by Mr. William Greenleaf, in Corn-
hill, near the Post-Office, where he has for Sale a general
Assortment of SCOTCH, ENGLISH, and INDIA

GOODS,

To be Sold as low as formerly.
N. B. Said BLACK has for sale, a Quantity of Irish
Linnens, and brown Sheetting, to be Sold at the Sterling
Coff, which are very low Charged indeed. (L. L.)

TO BE LETT

A very convenient Dwelling-House,
in Quaker-Lane lately improv'd by Richard Dana, Esq.
deceased. Enquire of the Printers.

Boston: Printed by EDES & GILL,

in Queen-Street, 1773.